

May 2017 Corporate Overview

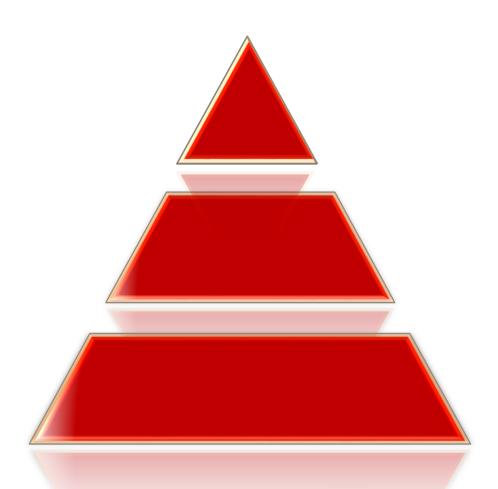


Forward Looking Statements and Other Important Cautions

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included or incorporated in this presentation, including statements regarding the Company's strategy, future operations, collaborations, intellectual property, cash resources, financial position, future revenues, projected costs, prospects, plans, and objectives of management, are forward-looking statements. The words "believes," "anticipates," "estimates," "plans," "expects," "intends," "may," "could," "should," "potential," "likely," "projects," "continue," "will," and "would" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Idera cannot guarantee that it will actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in its forward-looking statements and you should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. There are a number of important factors that could cause Idera's actual results to differ materially from those indicated or implied by its forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause such a difference include: whether interim results from a clinical trial will be predictive of the final results of the trial, whether results obtained in preclinical studies and clinical trials will be indicative of the results that will be generated in future clinical trials, including in clinical trials in different disease indications; whether products based on Idera's technology will advance into or through the clinical trial process on a timely basis or at all and receive approval from the United States Food and Drug Administration or equivalent foreign regulatory agencies; whether, if the Company's products receive approval, they will be successfully distributed and marketed; and such other important factors as are set forth under the caption "Risk" Factors" in the Company's Annual Report and on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2016 and on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2017. Although Idera may elect to do so at some point in the future, the Company does not assume any obligation to update any forwardlooking statements and it disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forwardlooking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



Harnessing the Power of the Immune System to Develop Therapies for Unmet Diseases



Advancing Development Pipeline

Focused on serious unmet needs in Cancers & Rare Diseases

Committed to advancing patient care







Checkpoint inhibitor (CPI) therapeutic outcomes are dependent on the Tumor Microenvironment (TME)

- CPI immunotherapy is effective in multiple tumor types, but in a minority of patients
- It is believed that patients with non-immunogenic TME fail to respond to CPI therapy
 - Agents which block immuno-regulatory signals or activate the TME are being developed, for example
 - Activate the TME with an intratumoral agent
 - Imlygic (T-vec) has provided the proof-of-concept, and is approved for the local treatment of melanoma*
 - Use of IDO-1 inhibitor in combination with anti-PD-1 has shown encouraging results in multiple tumor types



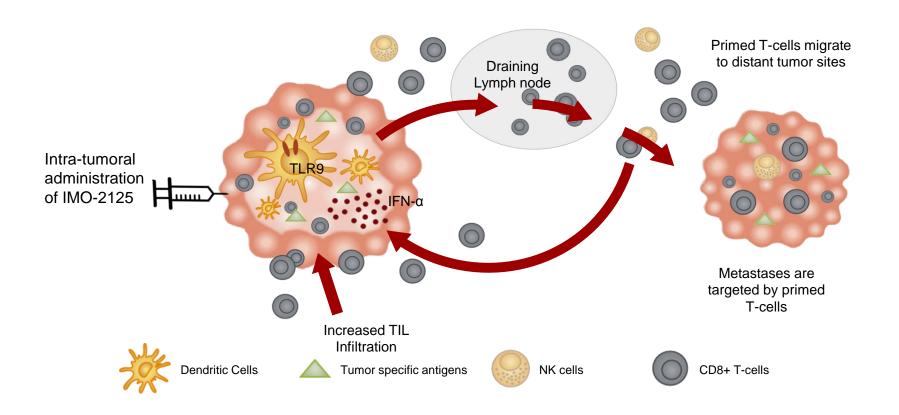
^{*}Imlygic is indicated for the local treatment of unresectable cutaneous, subcutaneous and nodal leasions in patients with melanoma recurrent after initial surgery

IMO-2125 – A Rationally Designed TLR9 Agonist

- Our approach is to use intra-tumoral administration of a synthetic TLR9 agonist, IMO-2125 to activate the tumor microenvironment
 - TLR9 is expressed on dendritic cells and B-cells, key cells for innate and adaptive immunity
 - IMO-2125 has shown potent pre-clinical anti-tumor activity in combination with anti-CTLA4, anti-PD1, and IDO-1 inhibitor ¹
 - Use of IMO-2125 avoids oncolytic virus-associated manufacturing and safety issues



Intra-tumoral IMO-2125 Mechanism of Action



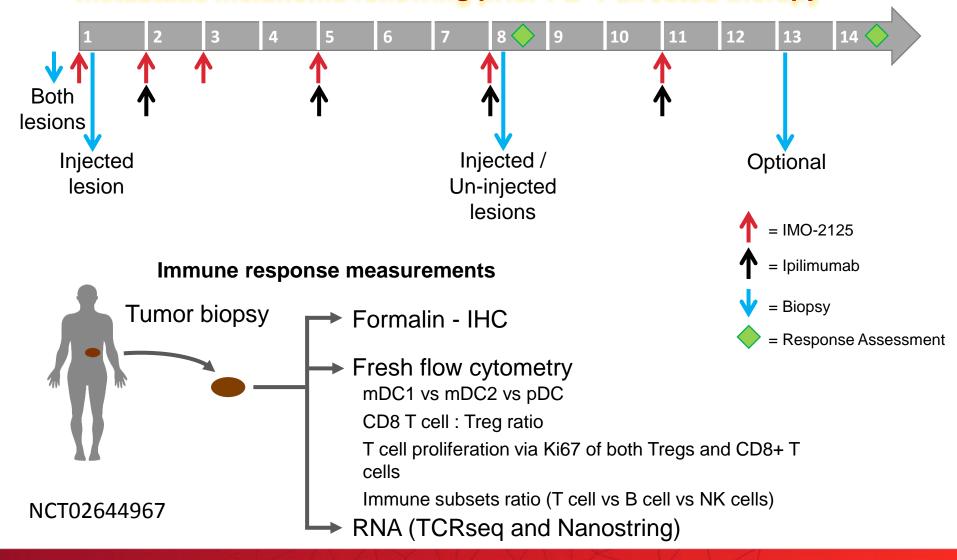


Study 204: POC of IMO-2125 with ipilimumab in PD-1 refractory metastatic melanoma patients

- Limited options available for patients with melanoma refractory to anti-PD-1 treatment make this a clear unmet medical need
 - Imlygic is not indicated in this setting
- Ipilimumab monotherapy provides 13% ORR¹
 IMO-2125 in combination with ipilimumab in PD-1 refractory melanoma patients, provides a fast-to-market opportunity
- Key phase 1 objectives have been achieved
 - Translational studies confirm mechanism of action of IMO-2125, laying the foundation for broad applicability
 - IMO-2125 administered with ipilimumab at escalating doses without DLT
 - 8mg dose selected for further development, with ipilimumab
 - Encouraging and durable clinical activity observed, including CR
 - Phase 2 expansion now accruing, with additional centers

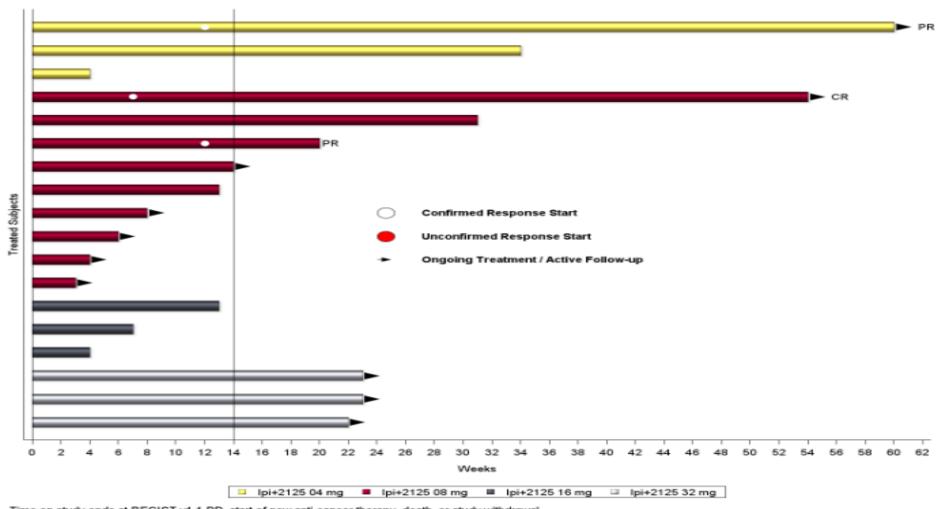


Study 204: Phase 1/2 study of intra-tumoral IMO-2125 in combination with ipilimumab or pembrolizumab in patients with metastatic melanoma following prior PD-1 directed therapy





Durable Responses with Prolonged Stabilization of Disease



Time on study ends at RECIST v1.1 PD, start of new anti-cancer therapy, death, or study withdrawal PR in the lpi+2125 08 mg cohort confirmed after the data cut off date.

Data cut-off date: 31MAR2017 Produced on 19MAY2017



Demonstration of Clinical and Translational Responder

Patient 003 – 4mg IMO-2125 Cohort

- 58 y/o WM with BRAF wild-type melanoma originating base of penis
 - Metastases to inguinal lymph nodes and liver
- Rapid progression on nivolumab (4 cycles) prior to enrollment
- Received 6 doses IMO and 3 doses ipi (last one held for hypophysitis)
 - Well-known AE deemed related to ipi

Patient Remains PR Over 1 Year



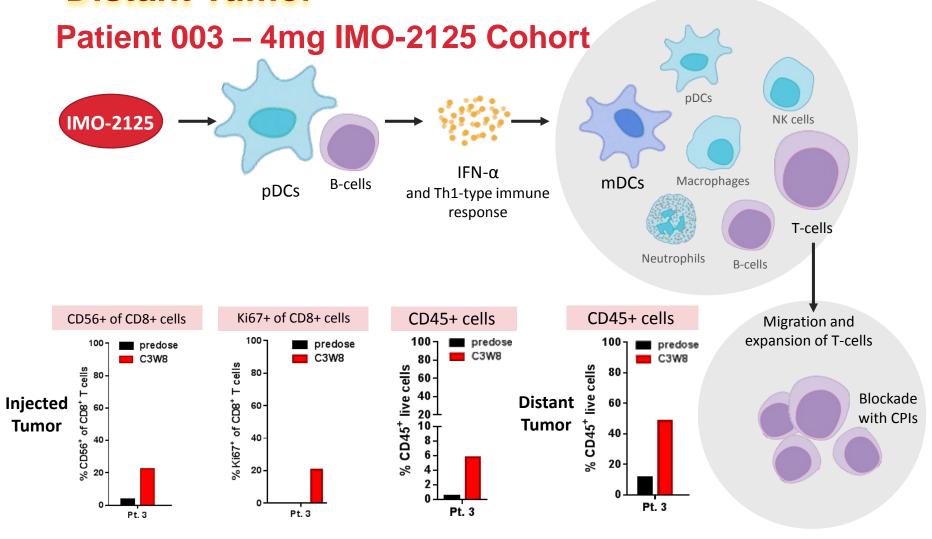
DC Maturation in the Injected Tumor

Patient 003 – 4mg IMO-2125 Cohort pDCs **IMO-2125** NK cells IFN-α **mDCs** Macrophages **B-cells** pDCs and Th1-type immune response T-cells Neutrophils **B-cells** Pre-dose 24 hours post i.t. IMO-2125 injection mDC1 84.8 Migration and mDC1 Comp-FITC-A :: CD1c Comp-FITC-A :: CD1c 12.8 1.63 expansion of T-cells Comp-FITC-A: Blockade pDC pDC 0.77 with CPIs Comp-APC-A:: CD303 Comp-APC-Cy7-A:: HLA-DR Comp-APC-A:: CD303





T-cell Activation Occurring in the Injected and Distant Tumor







Expansion of top T-cell clones in the distant lesions, induction of IFN-γ

Patient 003 – 4mg IMO-2125 Cohort pDCs **IMO-2125** NK cells IFN-α **mDCs** Macrophages B-cells pDCs and Th1-type immune response T-cells Neutrophils **B-cells** 60 Frequency of total T cell clones Frequency of total T cell clones Migration and Non-responding patient IFN-y Responding patient expansion of T-cells IFN₇ (pg/ml) **Blockade** with CPIs 15 **C3W8** predose **C3W8** predose CIMICIME SAIS SAIS MAIL Patient 003 Remains PR over 1 Yr. Patient timepoint



Additional Clinical Responder Case Study

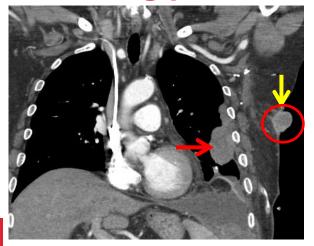
Patient 004 – 8mg IMO-2125 Cohort

- 68 y/o male with BRAF wt melanoma, metastatic to lung (bulky), pleura, LN, widespread soft tissue
- Marked progression on Nivo + Urelumab (anti-4-1BB)
 - Marked progression w/ severe dyspnea
 - Referred to hospice
- Pleural effusion drained, then begun on study treatment
- Received 6 doses IMO + 4 doses ipi
- Dramatic response after 6 wks of therapy
- RECIST CR at 5 months

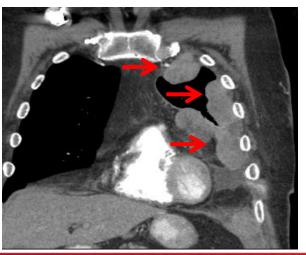


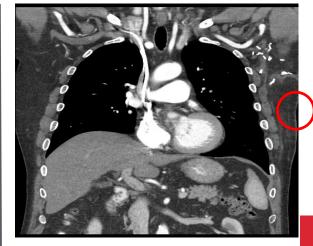
Tumor Imaging: Patient 004 Remains a CR at 1 Year

Ipilimumab 3mg plus i.t. IMO-2125 8 mg











Post-Therapy 08/2016



Distant Lesions



IMO-2125 with ipilimumab in PD-1 Refractory Melanoma - Path Forward

- Significant clinical momentum
 - 8mg dose of IMO-2125 selected for further development with ipilimumab (April 2017)
 - Seamless initiation of phase 2 portion of study 204
 - Stage 1 futility hurdle met, now accruing to planned N=21
 - 9 patients from Phase 1 will be included in ph 2 analysis
- Regulatory interactions ongoing
 - EOP1 meeting with FDA (Q1)
- Phase 3 planning underway
- Multiple data presentations
 - ASCO-SITC February data cut presented
 - Phase 2 ORR (Overall Response Rate) data expected Q1 2018
 - Next planned data presentation ESMO 2017 (Sep.)



IMO-2125 Beyond Melanoma

Mechanism of Action Supports Broader Expansion

- To further capitalize in 2017 we:
 - Continue to enroll study 204 phase 1 IMO-2125/ pembrolizumab combination arm in PD1-refractory metastatic melanoma patients
 - Initiated phase 1 monotherapy trial in all-comer refractory patient population (NCT03052205)
 - Critical for registration and exploratory purposes
 - Plan to initiate phase 2 "umbrella" study 2H
 - Multiple CPI combos, multiple tumor types
- Multiple discussions underway for potential clinical development partnerships



Long-term Expansion Opportunity Significant

INTRODUCE

EXPAND

TRANSFORM

Unresectable metastatic melanoma

- Maturing I/O market primed for combo
- High unmet need in anti-PD1-refractory patients

Est. U.S. addressable patient population at 2025¹

13,000

20,000

■ 1L □ PD1-refractory

Emerging I/O addressable tumors

- Moderate response to cornerstone anti-PD1
- Increasing number of approved settings

Est. U.S. addressable patient population at 2025^{1,2}

70,000

160,000

■ 1L ■ PD1-refractory

"Cold" tumors unaddressable with current I/O

- Significant opportunity in tumors with:
 - Low mutation load
 - Low dendritic cell infiltration
- Bioinformatics research ongoing to identify attractive tumor targets



¹ Proprietary Idera Commercial Research

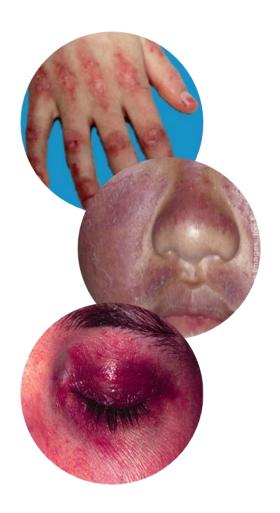
² NSCLC, head and neck, RCC and bladder only



Developing a Targeted Treatment Option for Dermatomyositis with IMO-8400



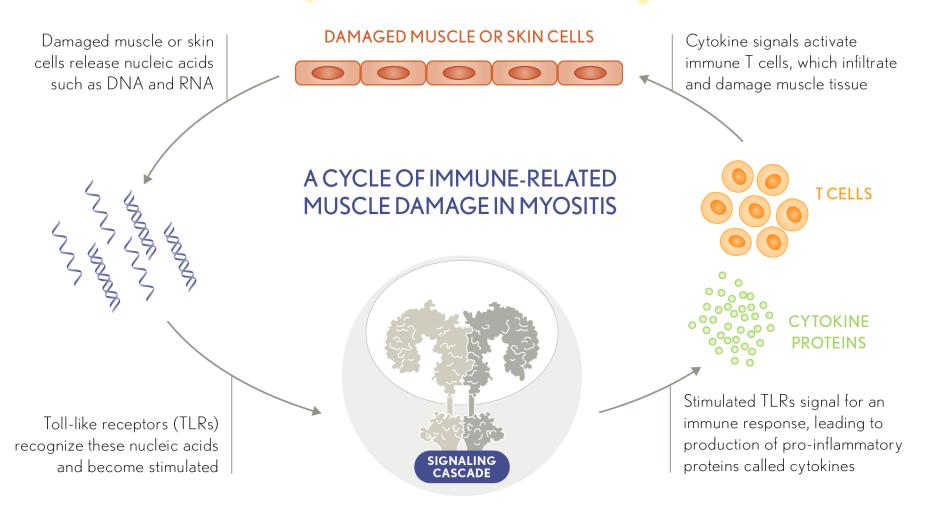
Dermatomyositis (DM)



- Rare, debilitating, inflammatory condition associated with increased risk of pre-mature death
- Multisystem disorder affecting both skin and muscle
- Twice as common in women as men
- Affects roughly 25K adults in the U.S.
- Current treatments have limited efficacy and serious side effects



Toll-like Receptors in Dermatomyositis



TOLL-LIKE RECEPTORS LOCATED IN MUSCLE, SKIN AND IMMUNE CELLS



The Role of Toll-like Receptors in DM

TLR Activation Certain TLRs are over-expressed in the muscles of patients with dermatomyositis

Cytokine Expression

• Expression of certain TLRs has been correlated to the expression of certain cytokines, which are proteins involved in immune signaling¹

Disease Activity Cytokine expression has been correlated to changes in disease activity, including the IMACS physician global assessment²



¹ Kim, et al. Clin Rheumatol, 2012.

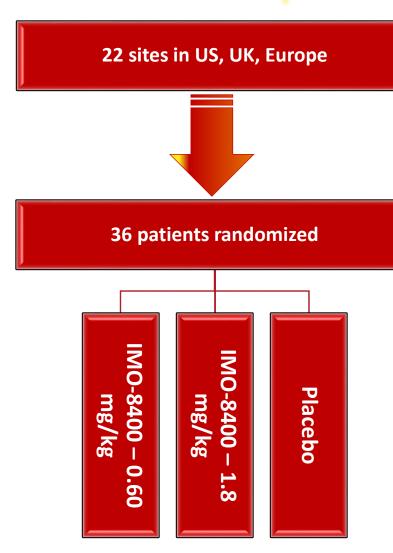
² Reed, et al. Arthritis & Rheumatism, 2012.

IMO-8400

- IMO-8400 is a synthetic oligonucleotide-based antagonist of Toll-like receptors (TLRs) 7,8 and 9
 - IMO-8400 is designed to inhibit, or antagonize, specific TLR activity
 - Treatment is administered subcutaneously
- Clinical proof of concept previously demonstrated in clinical trial in Psoriasis
- To date, IMO-8400 has been studied in over 100 patients and has been generally well-tolerated



Trial Data Expected 1st Half of 2018





- ► **PIONEER** is a Phase 2, double-blind, placebocontrolled study for adults with dermatomyositis currently experiencing symptoms of active skin disease
- ► Target Enrollment: 36 patients through 22 sites in US, UK, and Europe (current underway)
- ▶ **Objectives:** Investigate impact of IMO-8400 on skin and muscle symptoms of disease, as well as safety and tolerability, antibody profiling, and identifying dose for further development
- Dosing: 1x/week, via subcutaneous injection, up to 24 weeks





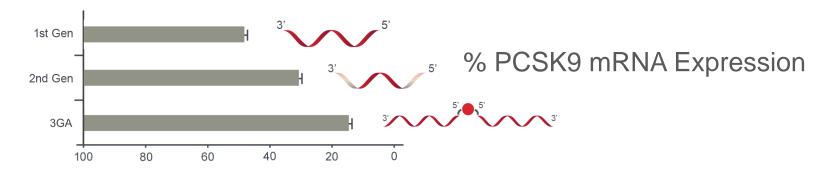
- Third Generation Antisense (3GA)



Why is a better RNA-directed technology needed?

Current RNA-focused Platform Technologies Remain Flawed

- 3GA may realize the full potential of antisense technology for the treatment of diverse diseases
- 3GA designed to overcome the limitations of the first and second generation antisense technology:
 - Immunotoxicities
 - Therapeutic Index



Assays were conducted with antisense constructs in Hepa 1-6 cells; RNA levels were quantified by qPCR



3GA Development to Date



22 3GA Compounds Developed to Specific Gene Targets Across Wide Variety of Therapeutic Areas

- Therapeutic areas range across:
 - Rare diseases, oncology, autoimmune disorders, metabolic conditions, single-point mutations, etc.
- Ongoing activity ranges from cell culture through INDenabling toxicology
- Current portfolio feeds potential for both internal development candidates and partnering opportunities

1st Clinical Candidate for Idera Development Selected



First 3GA Candidate Selected to Enter Clinic

Opportunity to Validate Technology Platform / Advance Into Late Stage Development

- For strategic and competitive purposes, Idera to withhold naming selected target until 2H 2017
 - Well-established liver Target
 - Available pre-clinical animal models
 - Well-known clinical endpoints
 - Potential for broad and rare disease applications
- Potential Value Drivers
 - Establishment of human proof of concept for platform in 2018
 - Potential differentiation from other RNA-based therapeutic platforms



PROGRAM	MECHANISM	INDICATION	COMMERCIAL RIGHTS	DISCOVERY	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PIVOTAL
IMMUNO-ONCOLOGY	TLR9 Agonist	IMO-2125 Refractory PD-1 Metastatic Melanoma / IPI Comb.	idera	•		•	
		IMO-2125 Refractory PD-1 Metastatic Melanoma / PD-1 Comb.		•	•		
		IMO-2125 Monotherapy Additional Tumor Types		•			
		IMO-2125 Combo Additional Tumor Types – CPI Comb.		•••			
RARE DISEASES	TLR 7,8,9 Antagonist	IMO-8400 Dermatomyositis	idera	•		•	
	3GA - Undisclosed Target	Undisclosed Rare Liver Condition		•••			
	3GA- NLRP3	3GA Undisclosed Indication		•			
	3GA- DUX4	3GA Undisclosed Indication		•••			
PARTNERED PROGRAMS	3GA	3GA Renal Diseases	gsk	•••			
	TLR 7,8,9 Antagonist	IMO-9200 Autoimmune Diseases	Vivelix	•			



Near Term Expected Deliverables

- IMO-2125 Data Updates and Major Medical Meetings Throughout 2017
- ✓ Q1 2017 Initiate Phase 1 IMO-2125 Monotherapy in Multiple Refractory Solid Tumors Clinical Trial
- ✓ 2H 2017 Enroll IMO-2125 Phase 2 Expansion in Ongoing Clinical Trial
- 2H 2017 Initiate Phase 2 IMO-2125 Combination Trial in Multiple Refractory Solid Tumors Clinical Trial
- > 2H 2017 Complete Enrollment of IMO-8400 Dermatomyositis Trial
- 2H 2017 Announce Undisclosed 3GA Development Target and Plan
- Q1 2018 File IND for First 3GA Compound
- Q1 2018 Initiate and Enroll First 3GA Clinical Trial

R&D Day Planned for Second Half of 2017



Thank You



